TIMES-VIRGINIAN

JOB WORK A SPECIALTY — DEVOTED TO THE LOCAL AND INDUSTRIAL INTERESTS OF APPOMATTOX AND BUCKINGHAM COUNTIES. — JOB WORK A SPECIALTY

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COMMERCIAL

Weekly Review of Trade an Market Reports.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—No. 2 red winter spot, $1.44¾; No. 2 garlicky spot, $1.43¾.

Cob Corn—Carloads prime nearby yellow are worth about $3.50 per brl. on spot.

Corn—Contract, spot, 68¾c; No. 4 spot, 67¼; April, 69 bid.

Oats—No. 2 white, as to weight, 47½@48c; No. 3 white, as to weight, 46½@47.

Rye—No. 2 Western, export, spot, $1.15; bag lots nearby rye, as to quality, 90c@$1.

Millfeed—City Mills winter bran, per ton, in 100-lb. sacks, $35; Patapsco millfeed, per ton, in 100-lb. sacks, $33; white middlings, per ton, in 80-lb. cotton sacks, $39; same in 100-lb. jute sacks, $36.

Straw—No. 1 tangled, $15.50; No. 1 wheat, $11.50@12; No. 1 oat (nominal), $12@13.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 40@41; do, choice, 38@39; do, good, 34@37; do, prints, 41@42; do, blocks, 40@41; do, nearby, 35@38; ladles, 26@28; Maryland and Penna. rolls, 22@23; Ohio rolls, 22@23; West Virginia rolls, 21@23; storepacked, 21; Md., Va. and Pa. dairy prints, 22@23.

Eggs—Western Md., Pa., nearby, 24c; Eastern Shore, Md. and Va., 24; Western, 24; West Virginia, 23@24; Southern, 23.

Live Poultry—Chickens, young, per lb., large, smooth, 34@35c; do, do, stagsy, rough, 27@28; white leghorns, 27@28; do, spring, per lb., 1¼ to 1½ lbs., 55@60. Ducks—Muscovy and monrrel, young, per lb., 23@25c; do, white pekings, per lb., 26@28; do, puddle, per lb., 3½ lbs. and over, 25@26; do, smaller and poor, 22@22; do, Indian runner, per lb., 21@22. Pigeons—Per pair, old, 45@50c; do, do, young, 45@50. Guinea fowl—Young, each, 2 lbs., 70@75; do, do, under 1½ lbs., 35@40; old, each, 35@40.

Potatoes—Western Maryland and Pennsylvania No. 1, 100 lbs., $1.25@1.50; New York and New Jersey, No. 1, do, $1.25@1.50; Western No. 1, do, $1.25@1.50; Eastern Shore Maryland and Virginia McCormicks, do, $1.25@1.40; Southern Maryland McCormicks, do, $1.25@1.50; red potatoes, do, $1.25@1.40; all sections, No. 2, do, 50@75c; all sections, per 150-lb. bag, $2.50@3; No. 2, do, $1.50@1.75.

New Potatoes, Florida No. 1, per brl., $7@7.50; No. 2, do, $5@5.50; No. 1, per bu. crt., $2@2.25; No. 2, do, $1.50@1.75; sweets, North Carolina No. 1, per brl., $3@3.50; Eastern Shore Maryland and Delaware, do, $3@3.50; Eastern Shore Virginia, do, $2.50@3; yams, all sections, brl., $3@3.50; sweets and yams, all sections, No. 2, per brl., $1.50@1.75; sweets, all sections, No. 1, per bu. hamp, $1@1.25; yams, all sections, No. 1, per bu hamp, $1@1.25; sweets and yams, all sections, No. 2, per bu hamp, 50@60.

NEW YORK.—Wheat—No. 2 red and No. 2 hard, $1.57½; No. 1, Manitoba, $1.61, and No. 2 mixed Durum, $1.47, c. i. f. track New York, to arrive.

Corn—No. 2 yellow and No. 2 white, 79¼c, and No. 2 mixed, 78¾, c. i. f. New York, all rail.

Oats—No. 2 white, 48½@49c.

Hay—No. 1, $29@31; No. 2, $26@29; No. 3, $24@26. Shipping, $22@24 per ton.

Butter—Creamery, higher than extras, 40@40½c; creamery, extras (92 score), 39½; creamery, firsts (88 to 91 score), 37@39; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 21@22.

Eggs—Fresh-gathered, extra firsts, 28@29c; do, firsts, 26½@27½; storage packed, extra firsts, 29½@30; do, firsts, 26@29; New Jersey hennery whites, extra fancy, candled selections, 39; do, uncandled, 36@37; State, nearby and nearby Western hennery whites, firsts to extras, 30@36; do, hennery browns, extras, 32; State and nearby gathered browns and mixed colors, firsts to extras, 26@32.

Cheese—State, whole milk, flats, fresh, specials, 17½@18c; do, average run, 17; State, whole milk, twins, fresh, specials, 17½@18; do, average run, 17.

Live Poultry—Broilers, 40@70c; fowls, 26@29; roosters, 16; turkeys, 25@30; chickens, 27@33.

Dressed Poultry—Western chickens, 25@42c; fowls, 22@33; old roosters, 20@25; turkeys, 40@51.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat—No. 2 red winter, $1.43@1.48; do, garlicky, $1.39@1.44.

Corn—No. 2, for export, 70½@71¼c; No. 3, 69¼@70½; No. 4, 68@69.

Oats—No. 2 white, 48@48¾c; No. 3, 46½@47.

Hay—Timothy No. 2, $21@22 per ton; do, No. 3, $19@20; sample, $16@18; no grade, $14@16; clover mixed hay, light mixed, $21@21.50; No. 1 mixed, $19@20.

LIVE STOCK

BALTIMORE.—Calves—Choice to handyweight veals, per lb., 8@8½c; choice, fat heavy veals, 7½@8; fair to good, 7@7½; heavy, smooth, fat veals, 6@7; heavy rough calves, 5@6.

Lambs and Sheep—No. 1 sheep, per lb., 6@7c; fair to good, 4@5; common, 25 to 40 lbs. choice, 16@18; poor and heavy lambs, 14@15.

Beef Cattle—First quality, per lb., 7@8c; medium, 5@6; bulls, as to quality, 4@5; cows, choice to fancy, 4½@5; common to fair, 2@4; oxen, as to quality, 3@4½; milch cows, choice to fancy, per head, $50@75; common to fair, per head, $30@40.

Hogs—Straight, 10c; sows, as to quality, 7@8; stags and boars, 5@6; live pigs, as to size and quality, 12@13; shoats, as to size and quality, 10@11.

NEW YORK.—Cattle—Steers, $8@8.25; bulls, $4.50@6; cows, $1.25@5.40.

Just So.

"Well, Uncle Gill, how's things in Plunkville?"

"Aw, too much progress."

"Eh?"

"Somebuddy wants to git up a 'Don't Beat Your Wife Week.'" That's poor advertising any way you take it."

Rare Sight.

"How carefully that saleslgirl handles those valuable china dishes."

"Do you wish to buy any?"

"Oh, no. But it is great to see a girl handle dishes so carefully."

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Pays

WARNING SAVES HARDING PARTY

Top Deck of Steamer in Flotilla of President Collapses

28 PERSONS ARE INJURED

Women Fainted And Became Hysterical; Children Screamed, And Men Were Powerless—Band Halts Panic.

Point Pleasant, O.—President Harding very narrowly escaped being aboard the steamer Island Queen when the top of the third deck of the Ohio river craft gave way, crashing to the deck below, carrying with it 200 persons. A half minute's warning, given by the preliminary cracking of the timbers, gave a school children's band and most of the other persons on the lower deck time to seek safety.

According to the police, 28 persons were injured. The most seriously injured, as reported by the police, are Wilbur Morgan, 15 years old, a student of Manchester, whose back is probably broken, and Richard Armstrong, of Bethel, O., whose arm was broken. The other injuries consisted chiefly of cuts and bruises.

The Island Queen was one of a flotilla of seven vessels which were on their way up the Ohio river to participate in the celebration of the centennial anniversary of Gen. U. S. Grant's birth.

That the President and Mrs. Harding and other distinguished personages in the Presidential party were not aboard the Island Queen was due to the caution of Government inspectors. They advised against the President making the trip on the old pleasure boat because of her condition. Consequently, the President and his party were assigned to the Cayuga, a Government boat, which led the flotilla of seven steamers from Cincinnati bearing between 10,000 and 15,000 persons.

The crash of the falling deck resounded from bow to stern. Many thought the steamer was sinking. Others thought the boilers had exploded. Women fainted and became hysterical. Children screamed and men mostly appeared awe-struck. One girl, whose name could not be learned, attempted to jump overboard, but officers caught her. The little band boys and girls ran about, many crying, seeking their companions, fearing some had been buried under the debris.

Officers of the boat shouted orders for the people to remain in their places and keep quiet. Military officers and Cincinnati police, of whom there were many on board, also cautioned against becoming panic-stricken.

The Eleventh Division Band was on the deck immediately above, which did not extend all the way over the lower deck. They heard the crash and saw the deck drop. True to their military training, not a bandsman stirred. They were playing a soft air and sensing the situation, the director immediately struck up a lively tune in which each member put his entire energy. The music drowned the cries of children and of hysterical women. It no doubt had great effect in preventing a panic on the forward decks.

The river flotilla was passing New Richmond, Ohio, seven miles below Point Pleasant at the time. The Cayuga, with the President aboard, leading the procession, had cleared the village, New Richmond citizens, however, did not know of the change in plans which put the President aboard the Cayuga. They began firing rockets as the Island Queen with its 2,000 passengers, came abreast. Those on board crowded to the front decks to witness the spectacle ashore. Bands aboard were playing and everybody was in high spirits.

SHIP BOARD SHORTAGE GROWS.

Due To March Being Longer Month, Says Chairman Lasker.

Washington.—Expenses incurred in operating Shipping Board vessels during March in excess of the vessels' earning were $3,704,155, compared with $3,689,459 in February, Chairman Lasker announced. He attributed the increase to March being a longer month than February, with total voyages of 188, against 155 voyages in February.

The excess of outlay over income on voyage operations, excluding overhead, repairs and insurance, was $1,919,869, as against $593,290 for February.

The tanker voyage excess income over outlay for March was $290,868, compared with $534,481 for February.

AMATEURS SPOIL TEST.

Coast-To-Coast Wireless Message Only Partly Heard.

Oakland, Cal.—Interference of amateur stations prevented clear receipt of a transcontinental radio telephone message from the Westinghouse station in Newark, N. J., to the Rock Ridge station here. Portions of it were clearly audible across the receiving room, however. Plans for another test in which Pacific Coast notables will send speeches to Newark, N. J., were made at once.

CONSTABLE A KU KLUX.

Killed While Participating In Raid, Jury Decides.

Los Angeles.—The coroner's jury which inquired into the facts surrounding the killing of Constable M. B. Mosher, slain by another officer while the constable was participating in a raid of masked men returned a verdict that Mosher came to his death while a member of a masked mob "presumably instigated and directed by the members of the Ku Klux Klan."

WEEKS SAVES $40,023,339

Economies Effected During His Administration Reported.

Washington.—Secretary Weeks sent to the Senate Military Committee a "hastily prepared" report of economies inaugurated during his administration in the War Department, showing a total saving of $40,023,339. The report was made in response to a request of the committee.

"It is very apparent, however," Mr. Weeks said, "that many economies which have been instituted have resulted in savings which cannot be crystallized into actual amounts—policies which are permanent in their character and the result of which will continue to be reflected in reducing the expenditures for the operation of the army."

EUROPE AGAIN TO WELTER IN BLOOD

If Parley Fails Says the Hon. Lloyd George

APPEALS FOR U. S. AID

Europe Seething—Russia And Germany, He Says, Contain Two-Thirds Of People Of Europe.

Genoa.—Premier Lloyd George drew an alarmist picture of Europe here, in a talk with British and American press representatives he declared that the object at Genoa was to clear up political difficulties, which were full of menace.

He compared Europe to seething racial lava, which, like the earth's crust, was seeking a proper level. This adjustment was full of peril. He emphasized that Europe must take cognizance of hungry Russia, which would be equipped by an angry Germany.

"The world must recognize the fact," he said, "that Russia and Germany combined contained over two-thirds of the people of Europe. Their voice will be heard and the Russo-German treaty is the first warning of it."

As proof of the danger, he cited the fact that there was no frontier line from the Baltic to the Black Sea, including the Rumanian, Galician, Polish and Lithuanian frontiers, which had been accepted.

"I wish America were here," he explained. "Some people think we want the United States for some selfish purpose. This is not true. We want America because she exercises a peculiar authority; her very aloofness gives her the right to speak.

"America could exercise an influence no other country could command. She could come here free and disentangled, and with the prestige which comes from her independent position she would come with the voice of peace.

"But America is not here; so Europe must do her best to solve the problems in her own way."

Mr. Lloyd George gave it as his opinion that the disorganization of Europe would affect the entire world, including the United States. He was amazed at people who ignored the portentious fact facing Europe today. Unless Europe reorganized—in other words, unless the Genoa Conference succeeded in arranging a pact of peace—he was confident that in his own life, certainly in the life of the younger men present, Europe would again welter in the blood.

"We triumphed in the war," he said, "but our triumph will not last forever. If our victory develops into oppression, vengeance will follow just as Germany's action which started the World War was followed by vengeance.

"We must be just and equitable and show strength; we must realize that Europe is not on good terms and that storms are arising which we must deal with. We had hoped that the end of the great war meant the end of brute force, but unless Europe's problems are solved there is no assurance that force has given way to right."

The British Prime Minister solemnly urged the press to instill patience, good will and fellowship throughout the world. "You are here," he concluded, "to instruct, to sustain, to guide, and I beg of you in the interest of the world's future not to add to any obstacles which are in the way, but to use your influence to help in the solution of difficulties which are full of menace."

NAVY FACES NEW FIGHT.

Effort To Cut Personnel To 67,000 To Be Resumed In Senate.

Washington.—Repetition in the Senate of the House fight over the future size of the Navy personnel—whether it shall consist of the 87,000 men voted by the House, or be cut to 67,000—appeared in prospect.

Coincident with announcement that hearings on the House Naval Bill probably would be begun next week before the Senate Appropriations Committee, statements came from "small navy" quarters in the Senate that an effort would be made to reduce the personnel to 67,000 men.

ALL SHOALS BIDS OPPOSED.

None Will Be Favorably Reported To House, It Is Said.

Washington.—Consideration by the House Military Committee, in executive session, of the various private offers for the Government projects at Muscle Shoals, Ala., has reached the stage, it is said on good authority, where it appears probable that none of the offers will be recommended to the House in their present form for acceptance.

BIG WARS LAID TO SKELETON ARMY

Adequate Force Would Have Averted World Conflict

WEEKS ASSAILS HOUSE CUT

Senate Committee To Begin Rewriting Bill — Increase Of Personnel Probable—Unpreparedness Costly.

Washington.—A plea for a national military policy which would assure the checking of aggression by foreign Powers in its incipiency and which would avoid "confusion, disorders, delay and extravagance" when emergencies arise was made by Secretary Weeks and General Pershing before the Senate Military Committee in support of the War Department program for an army of 13,000 officers and 150,000 enlisted men.

The statement by the two Army heads concluded the public discussion of the annual Army supply bill, and the Appropriations Committee, which has charge of it, will begin immediately to write the measure, with the prospect said to be for an increase over the House figure of 11,000 officers and 115,000 men.

General Pershing declared that had this country been adequately prepared, "there is little question that the United States, under strong leadership, could have prevented the World War altogether." He added that there was no doubt that the civil war likewise would never have occurred had the nation been equipped with an army of reasonable size and ready for immediate use.

The army of 115,000 men and 11,000 officers, fixed by the House was declared by Secretary Weeks to be below "the safe minimum requirements" of the country. He asserted that "unless like" conduct of the military establishment in years gone by was responsible for the expenditure of "unnecessary" billions in the aggregate in America's wars.

"We have entered each war with our national defense system unorganized," Mr. Weeks continued. "This has required an extemporized organization thrown together in great haste and resulting always in excessive expenditure and excessive economic disturbance. In each war, we have consistently adhered to a policy of forming a great citizen army to reinforce our small regular establishment, but in the absence of any definite plans, the process of forming this citizen army has been one of confusion, disorder, delay and extravagance."

PEKING READY TO CLOSE GATES.

Will Protect Resident Of City In Event Of Civil War.

Peking.—The authorities issued a proclamation announcing that it is their intention to close the city gates in the event of hostilities between the forces of Gen. Chang Tso-Lin and Gen. Wu Pei-Fu. The precaution is contemplated as a protection to the people in the city.

Reports received here are to the effect that a skirmish has taken place between the Chang Tso-Lin and Wu Pei-Fu troops near Chansi-Tien, 12 miles south of Peking. The officials here are inclined to minimize the significance of the skirmish, asserting that it probably is attributable to the activities of irresponsible outposts.

TO RECLAIM 300,000 ACRES.

Senator Johnson Introduces Bill For Dam In Lower Colorado.

Washington.—Development of the lower Colorado River basin on a $70,000,000 scale by the building of a dam near Boulder canyon for the reclamation of 300,000 acres of arid land is provided in a bill introduced in the Senate by Senator Johnson, of California. The measure is designed to carry out the recommendations of the Interior Department.

W. VA. BANKERS SET DATE.

Convention To Meet June 27 And 28 At White Sulphur Springs.

Clarksburg, W. Va.—Oscar C. Wilt, vice-president of the Virginia Bankers' Association, announced following a meetin of an executive council of the Association at Parkersburg, that June 27 and 28 had been designated as the dates for the 1922 annual convention of the Association and White Sulphur Springs as the place of meeting.

MAY REPRESENT SOVIET.

American Lawyer Said To Be Russian Government Commissions.

Moscow.—Charles Recht, an American lawyer en route to the United States, is to become unofficial representative of the Russian Soviet Government in America, it is reported here. Recht is under instructions to attempt to secure agricultural machinery for Russia and also to secure American films for Russian moving picture theaters. He also has been ordered to seek the release of vessels of the Russian volunteer fleet.

JOFFRE TRIES ENGLISH.

Makes First Experiment With Language In New York.

New York.—For the first time since he has been in New York, Marshal Joffre, speaking at a reception in the home of Mrs. Willard Straight, on Fifth avenue, broke into English. "I—I thank you all," he said. Afterward he said he had known a little English, but had never dared show it until it just burst out during the reception.

LIFE FOR KILLING HUSBAND

Washington Woman Admits Putting Poison In Salad.

Port Orchard, Wash.—After deliberating but 30 minutes the jury in the case of Mrs. Ruth Plumley, charged with poisoning her husband, Hugh C. Plumley, returned a verdict of guilty in the first degree. Mrs. Plumley was immediately sentenced to life imprisonment. Before presentation of her case to the jury she changed her plea of not guilty to one of guilty. She had confessed, according to county authorities, she had placed poison in a salad she gave her husband, March 29. He died a few minutes later.

TARIFF BATTLE ON IN EARNEST

Discussion in Senate Opened By Smoot

HOT ATTACKS EXPECTED

Senator King, Democrat, Of Utah, Declares They Sound Death Knell Of Political Parties.

Washington.—There was an old-fashioned tariff debate Monday in the Senate. It marked the real beginning of the weeks, and perhaps months, of battling over the Administration measure which the Finance Committee reported two weeks ago.

The discussion was opened by Senator Smoot, Republican of Utah, with a detailed explanation of the elastic tariff proposals written into the bill at the suggestion of President Harding, and it included an attack on the proposals by Senator Jones, Democrat, of New Mexico, and the opening of a general assault on the whole measure by Senator King, Democrat, of Utah.

Characterizing the measure as "more iniquitous" than the Payne-Aldrich and Dingley measures, Senator King charged that it was a bill "to increase the price of everything the people buy," and was framed in the interest of trusts.

Senator King declared the address of Chairman McCumber, of the Senate Finance Committee, in calling up the measure last week, was "an appeal to the predatory interests of the United States to be merciful to the poor consumer."

Chairman McCumber later denied that his address was an "appeal." He said he thought the time opportune for a reminder that prices must come within reach of the consumer's pocket book.

In the course of his remarks Senator King took a fling at the agricultural-tariff bloc, the manufacturers' bloc, and what he described as other blocs and groups. He declared that the death knell of political parties was sounded when there was a division into "farmers' groups, workmen's groups and manufacturers' groups."

In his prepared address explaining the elastic tariff proposals Senator Smoot declared they not only offered a solution of the particular tariff problem now before Congress, but also suggested a practical basis for a continuing scientific adjustment of the tariff in the future.

MAN KILLS HIS WIFE AND SON.

Says He Intended Also To Shoot Twins.

Hackensack, N. J.—The reason that Martin Ehlers, of Woodridge, did not kill his entire family, consisting of his wife, Elizabeth, aged 32; son, Walter, aged 7, and the twins, a boy and girl, aged 3, was because the single-barreled shotgun he used jammed after he had killed his wife and Walter. In his confession, following his surrender to Chief of Police A. M. Ketchke, Ehlers said he planned to get rid of his entire family. The twins sat up in bed and saw their father shoot Walter, but they were too young to realize what it all meant.

TWENTY DIE IN SPANISH FIRE.

30 Also Injured By Flames Which Swept Government Buildings.

Malaga, Spain.—Twenty persons are known to have lost their lives and 30 were injured in a fire which swept the Government buildings. It was feared the fire would spread to the Customs House, in which great quantities of ammunition destined for use of the Spanish forces in Morocco were stored.

RADIO FOR STATE POLICE.

Commerce issued a commercial wire less telephone broadcasting license to the Pennsylvania State Police Department, of Harrisburg, Pa. The station is to be used for distribution of police information throughout the State.

BISHOP BEATTY DIES.

Nashville, Tenn.—The Right Rev. Troy Beatty, bishop coadjutor of the Episcopal diocese of Tennessee and acting head of the church in the State since 1919, died at his home here. Bishop Beatty was 56 years old. He was prominent in Masonic affairs, having held several high positions in the order.

HER BODY FOUND IN CREEK.

Seven-Year Ida Kramer Missing Since March 26.

Camden, N. J.—The body of Ida Kramer, 7 years old, who mysteriously disappeared from her home in Woodbury, March 26, was found in Little Newton Creek, just outside of Camden. The body was found by Leonard Ryan, who lives near the creek. Coroner Holl, who will hold an autopsy declared she had been dead several weeks.

STATE CAPITAL

$5,285,000 To Go On Roads In 1922.

Richmond.—Highway construction in Virginia in 1922 will total $5,895,000, according to the complete schedule of allocations just made public by the State Highway Commission. Of the total, $5,285,000 represents new work, while the balance is for completion of old projects or allocations contingent on subscriptions from other sources.

Route 1, which includes the Richmond-Washington and Richmond-Petersburg Highways, will receive the largest allotment of new funds, the amount being $745,000. Of this, $200,000 is for the completion of the last link in the concrete road from Richmond to Petersburg. From Fredericksburg through Spotsylvania and on toward Snell, the department has allocated $225,000.

One of the changes made by the commission as a result of the public hearings, after the tentative schedule was submitted by Commissioner Geo. P. Coleman, was the increase from $200,000 to $300,000 for the Lee Hall-Toano-Providence Forge road on the Richmond-Newport News Highway.

The commission has continued the allotment of $200,000 for the Richmond-Tappahannock highway and $35,000 is included for the Surry-Smithfield Courthouse camp, for the improvement of the highway between Richmond and Norfolk.

In the total allocations, $240,000 represents work on contracts left over from 1921. The sum of $145,000 is conditional on the counties raising a similar amount, while $125,000 is conditioned on other subscriptions.

Contracts will be awarded as soon as practicable in order that the 1922 program can be pushed to completion during the favorable season of the year for road building. It is hoped that all of the contracts can be awarded before the new commission takes office on July 1.

Road Bonds Proposal Approved.

People of Fairfax county are four to one in favor of a bond issue on the basis laid down by Governor Lee Trinkle, according to Franklin Williams member of the House of Delegates, who was in Richmond with a delegation to discuss the personnel of the new State Highway Commission with the Governor.

Mr. Williams, while not willing to sign a petition for an extra session, assured the Governor that he was ready to return to the capital to help put through a measure to insure the speedy completion of the State highway system. Mr. Williams, while favorable to a bond issue, is not in accord with Senator Walter Oliver Tansill, of Fairfax, who is opposed to bonds.

Among the other visitors at the office of Governor Trinkle was Senator S. L. Ferguson, of Appomattox. Senator Ferguson opposed bonds at the last session of the General Assembly and is still of the same opinion on the question.

Although there are three vacancies in the Senate, all of men who voted for a bond issue, the upper branch of the Legislature is safe on the question in event an extra session is called. It requires twenty-one votes in the Senate on the bond issue, but three Senators who were opposed to the Vaughan bill will return at the extra session to vote for bonds, according to information reaching the Virginia Good Roads Association. If this is true, it would be unnecessary to call special elections to fill the vacancies.

Fifty-one votes are necessary to pass a bond issue bill in the House. It is believed that there will be enough pledged within a few days to assure the passage of a road bill at the extra session.

In event the Governor decides to have the senatorial vacancies filled, it would require thirty days between the election call and the election date.

Moncure Quits Fish Commission.

The Commission of Fisheries, composed of W. McDonald Lee, chairman; Quinton Nottingham, secretary; Horace L. Smith, R. C. L. Moncure and James T. Tyler, met in the office of Commissioner Lee in Murphy's Hotel, at which time J. L. Burgess was appointed oyster inspector for Princess Anne County, and J. T. Mapp, of Accomac County, for District No. 29. These appointments complete the list of oyster inspectors.

R. C. L. Moncure, who was recently appointed a member of the motion picture censorship commission, tendered his resignation, which was sent to the Governor. It is rumored that C. Keith Carlin, an attorney, of Alexandria, and a son of former Congressman C. C. Carlin, will be Mr. Moncure's successor.

Indorse Public Library.

Fifty organizations have indorsed the public library movement in Richmond, the Public Library Association announced. Among those organizations formally indorsing the movement within the last few days are: the Spanish-American War Veterans, the Business and Professional Women, the Clubs, the Industrial Girls' Club of the Y. W. C. A., the Springfield School Parent-Teachers' Association and the Baptist Woman's Missionary Circle of Richmond and vicinity.

Instructs On Dog Law.

The State Department of Game and Inland Fisheries is busy circularizing and instructing wardens on the dog laws of the State. After May 1 the owner of a dog who has not paid the license will be subject to a fine, and every unlicensed dog will be killed. Secretary M. D. Hart has his force working on this particular subject, and expects to license as many dogs this year as was done last year, when more than $150,000 was received from that source.

Governor Rejects Bids.

The offers from bankers and brokers to take over the bonds received by the State as its share of the West Virginia debt settlement were rejected by Governor E. Lee Trinkle, after a conference with the heads of all departments. The "cabinet" meeting was held in the office of the Governor for the specific purpose of passing on the bids, which it was held, were not attractive.

The refusal to dispose of the bonds at the present time will not retard the erection of the State office building, it was declared at the office of the Governor. The act authorizing the erection of the $750,000 structure in the southeastern part of Capitol Square makes the West Virginia bonds the nucleus of the construction fund.

The West Virginia bonds turned over to Virginia have a face value of $450,000 and carry 3½ per cent. interest. The bids made to Governor Trinkle for the bonds ranged from $88 to $92. It was agreed by the State officials at the meeting that a better price can be secured and that the sale can be deferred for some time, as the money is not needed immediately.

Meanwhile the plans for the speedy erection of the building are being pushed. The contract for borings in Capitol Square to ascertain the nature of the soil and the kind of foundations the building will require, has been awarded the Sydnor Pump and Well Company, of Richmond. This work will be done at once.

Designs for the building will be submitted to the building commission on May 15. Eleven architects were invited to submit designs, but as yet only four have announced that they will do so, while several have declined to compete. Two and possibly three Richmond firms will submit designs, according to Delegate James P. Jones, secretary to the commission.

The officials attending the "cabinet" meeting were Treasurer Charles A. Johnston, Colonel Joseph Button, Commissioner of Insurance; Major Alexander Forward, State Corporation Commission; General W. W. Sale, Adjutant-General; Charles Osborne, State Purchasing Agent; G. Lee Moore, State Auditor; W. Frank Smyth, State Accountant; Rosewell Page, Second Auditor; George W. Koiner, Commissioner of Agriculture; Dr. Ennion D. Williams, Commissioner of Health, and Dr. H. R. McIlwaine, State Librarian.

Governor Names Board.

Governor Trinkle announced the personnel of the Governor's Board of Mechanical Survey. J. S. A. Johnson, of Blacksburg, a professor of applied and mechanical and experimental engineering at the Virginia Polytechnic Institute, was made chairman of the board. The other members are Chas. Hancock, professor of Mechanical Engineering at the University of Virginia; W. G. Conner, professor of mechanical arts, at V. P. I.; John W. West, engineer State Corporation Commission, and Adolph Wagner, principal assistant engineer State Board of Health.

For Roads Bond Issue.

Every representative in the General Assembly from the Second Congressional District now favors a bond issue for highway construction, according to Parke P. Deans, secretary to Governor E. Lee Trinkle, who returned to his office after attending a meeting of the Democratic congressional committee in Norfolk. Colonel Deans is pleased with the spirit of harmony in the Second District.

Completes Bond Issue.

The Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company of Virginia has completed the sale of $1,500,000 worth of 5 per cent. bonds authorized by the board of directors of that company a few weeks ago. This transaction completes a $5,000,000 issue, which was authorized in 1913. The bonds are traded in Baltimore, Washington, and Richmond markets.

Will Petition Governor.

Petitions asking for the release of the four members of the Allen gang now confined in the State Penitentiary for participation in the Hillsville court tragedy will be presented to Governor E. Lee Trinkle within a month, it was announced by Edgar B. English, who has volunteered to represent the men. More than 4,000 names have been secured to the plea for clemency.

Davis Visits Richmond.

Former Governor Westmoreland Davis spent a few hours at his headquarters in Murphy's Hotel putting the finishing touches to his platform in the campaign for the United States Senate in opposition to Senator Claude A. Swanson.

Confederate Reunion Committee.

Arrangements for the annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans, to be held in Richmond June 20, 21 and 22, are rapidly being made, and reports from the camps of the veterans, sons and daughters, are to the effect that one of the greatest crowds ever recorded will attend the forthcoming reunion. Plans for the reunion will be similar to those of the 1915 meeting in this city, and will include parades, special programs and other features.

Game Wardens Announced.

One regular and three special game wardens were announced by Secretary M. D. Hart, of the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries. Among the appointments was Mrs. W. A. Woodson, of Roanoke, who is made a special warden. The other special wardens are J. L. Grant, of Sussex County, and R. E. Akers, of Pulaski County. Thomas M. Arnest, of Hague Westmoreland county, was his regular warden appointed.

VIRGINIA NEWS IN SHORT ORDER

Latest Doings In Various Parts of the State

TOLD IN SHORT PARAGRAPHS

Lynchburg.—Two of the eight communion plates used each Sunday at First Christian Church were stolen some time during the past week, the theft having been discovered Sunday morning.

Front Royal.—A freight train wreck at Bentonville tied up the line of the Norfolk and Western Railroad Company for about four hours until the wrecking outfit from Shenandoah had arrived and moved the derailed cars from the main track.

Pulaski.—Acting upon a recently adopted ordinance governing the sale of milk within the corporation limits, a Federal veterinarian made the initial test for disease among cows from which milk is sold. About 200 animals were subjected to test.

Lynchburg.—The Rotary Club here has elected the following officers for the coming year: President, W. W. Dickerson; vice-president, W. Russell Winfree; secretary-treasurer, Edward M. Taylor, and directors, Walker Pettyjohn, John A. Faulkner, C. R. Oberfel, R. R. Watts and G. E. Caskie

Portsmouth.—W. J. Cox, former street car motorman, tried in the County Court on a charge of dynamiting the traction company's Paradise Creek Bridge on the morning of March 14, was found guilty and given three years in the Penitentiary. Motion for a new trial was continued.

Lynchburg.—Lloyd Worswick, son of James Worswick, of this city, has been awarded a medal by the New York Society of Beaux Arts for a plaster group, entitled "Spring". As a sculptor this young Lynchburger has taken repeated first and second prizes in contests in New York.

Richmond.—An advertisers' costume ball, in which hundreds of manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers, and jobbers will be represented in spectacular masquerade, will be staked in Grays' Armory on the night of May 13, by the Richmond Housewives' League in co-operation with the two advertising clubs, and the Better Business Bureau.

Danville.—The low temperatures experienced in this section during the past several days has not damaged growing vegetation according to reports from the rural section. Telegraphic advices received from Patrick County were to the effect that the apple crop has not been harmed and that the thermometer has not gone lower than 30 degrees.

Norfolk.—Freezing temperature and heavy frost practically wiped out the bean crop in Western Branch and Deep Creek districts. Damage is estimated at from two-thirds to a total loss, varying with the proximity of the crop to salt water. Fields near the waterfront suffered less than those removed from it.

Charlottesville.—The number of national fraternities having chapters at the University of Virginia was increased when Mu Chapter of Phi Alpha was installed. Phi Alpha has chapters at the University of Maryland, Georgetown, Northwestern, Maryland State, Yale, Johns Hopkins, New York University, Columbia, Pennsylvania and DePaw. The fraternity was founded at George Washington University.

Fredericksburg.—At a meeting of the Fredericksburg Fair Association held Saturday, C. W. Jones was elected a member of the board of directors to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Captain R. C. Vance. H. K. Sweetser was elected a member of the executive committee. The dates of the fair this year will be September 26 to 29. It was decided to make many improvements to the fair grounds and exhibition halls.

Norfolk.—For the first time in the history of the department, Norfolk firemen battled with a blaze in a cemetery. Fire of incendiary origin, it is said, destroyed the keeper's office, a barn and morgue, two horses, a wagon and the body of a negro woman in Calvary Cemetery. When the fire was discovered it had gained so much headway that there was no possibility of saving the buildings or contents. The horses and wagon, with a lot of tools, were in the barn. The body had been taken to the cemetery Sunday and was placed in the morgue to await burial.

Harrisonburg.—Three magistrates sitting in a case here, went contrary to the instinct of a bloodhound, and acquitted Leroy Freeze on a charge of dynamiting a section of wire fence on the farm of Frank Ritchie. A bloodhound was taken to the scene of the explosion on the following morning, and followed a trail which led to Freeze's home, upon which Freeze was arrested. Twenty witnesses were introduced by defense counsel, to prove an alibi for their client. Hearing of the case required two days.

Norfolk.—Two hundred and fifty-seven births against 144 deaths is Norfolk's record for the month of March, according to the monthly statement of Dr. Powhatan S. Schenck, city health commissioner and director of public welfare. Of the deaths sixty-one occurred among the whites and eighty-three among the negroes. The report showed that the city was entirely free from anything resembling even the mildest of epidemics. There was not a single death from typhoid fever, nine from tuberculosis, twelve from pneumonia

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

Sunday School Lesson

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

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LESSON FOR MAY 7

ISAIAH'S REMEDY FOR A WORLD AT STRIFE

LESSON TEXT.—Isa. 2:2-4; 11:1-9.

GOLDEN TEXT.—Come ye, and let us walk in the light of the Lord.—Isa. 2:5.

REFERENCE MATERIAL.—Ps. 46; Mic. 4:1-5; Phil. 4:8, 9;